ČÍTANIE S POROZUMENÍM I. (10b)

Madagascar - When to go. Prečítajte si o klíme na Madagaskare. Potom v otázkach *1.-10. zakrúžkujte*, či je výrok *T - True (Pravdivý) / F- False (Nepravdivý)*.

Madagascar has two seasons, a warm, wet season from November to April, and a cooler dry season between May and October. However, different parts of the country have very different weather.

The east coast is hotter and wetter, with up to 4000mm of rainfall per year. In the rainy season, there are strong winds, and these can cause a lot of damage. Avoid visiting eastern Madagascar

between January and March because the weather can make road travel very difficult. The dry season is cooler and more pleasant.

The high, central part of the country is much drier and cooler. About 1400 mm of rain falls in the rainy season, with some thunderstorms, but the summer is usually sunny and dry, but it can be cold, especially in the mornings, with freezing showers,

and it may snow in mountain areas above 2400m, and even stay there for several days.

The west coast is the driest part of the island. Here, the winter months are pleasant with little rain, cooler temperatures and blue skies. The summers can be extremely hot, especially in the southwest. This part of the country is semi-desert, and only gets around 300mm of rain per year

1 Madagagaga has for	T/I	7 (1h)
1. Madagascar has fol	ir seasons: spring, summer, autumn and winter. T / I	(1b)
2. There is more rain in	in January than in June. T / I	(1b)
3. The wet season is c	older than the dry season. T / I	(1b)
4. It hardly ever rains	in central Madagascar in summer. T / I	(1b)
5. The wettest part of	the island is the east. T/I	(1b)
6. January - March is	a good time to visit eastern Madagascar. T/I	(1b)
7. The centre of Mada	gascar is colder than other parts. T/I	(1b)
8. Snow sometimes fa	Ils in Madagascar. T / I	(1b)
9. The west coast has	pleasant weather in December. T / I	(1b)
10. The summers are	extremely hot in the southeast. T / I	(1b)

ČÍTANIE S POROZUMENÍM II. (5b)

The benefits of nuts. Prečítajte si o výhodách orechov. Ktorý orech by ste odporučili každému z týchto ľudí? Pre každú osobu vyberte vhodný oriešok. Každý orech je možné použiť len raz. K úlohám 11. - 15. dopíšte písmenom A - F správnu odpoveď.

- <u>A. CASHEWS.</u> Gold-medal winning Olympic sprinter Kelly Holmes says she ate a bag of these wonder nuts after every race to help her recover. They're packed with zinc brilliant for your immune system.
- **<u>B. PISTACHIOS.</u>** Tony Blair's favourite, these cut cholesterol and are rich in vitamins B and E great for glowing skin.
- <u>C. BRAZIL NUTS.</u> A study from the University of Illinois suggests brazils might help prevent breast cancer, thanks to their high selenium content. They give you an energy buzz, too.
- <u>D. ALMONDS.</u> These are real heart savers, as they are rich in a form of vitamin E called alphatocopherol, which lowers your risk of cardiac disease.
- **E. MACADAMIAS.** University of Hawaii found that people who ate high-fat macadamias had the same cholesterol levels as those on a low-fat diet.
- **<u>F. WALNUTS.</u>** If you are worried about diabetes or cholesterol you should stock up on walnuts. They are full of alpha linoleic acid, which boosts your "good" cholesterol and stops fatty deposits from sticking to arteries.

11. A woman who feels tired all the time.	(1b)	
12. A teenager who has acne problems.	(1b)	
13. A fat executive who has had a heart attack.	(1b)	
14. A thin person who has cholesterol problems.	(1b)	
15. Someone who catches all the viruses around.	(1b)	
		Medzisúčer

Prijímacie skúšky 02.0	5.2022	Anglický ja	azyk	Kód žiaka	:
6. Ktoré z uvedeny					(2 b)
A thin	B low	C large	D high		
7. Ktoré z uvedeny A rude	ý ch slov má <u>or</u> B smart		ako slovo POLIT D friendly	E?	(2 b)
8. Tri z uvedených A happy	n slov svojím v B cheerful	ýznamom log i C sad	i cky patria k sebe. D delighted	Ktoré k nim <u>nepatrí</u> ?	(2 b)
9. Tri z uvedených A nurse	n slov svojím v B lawyer	ýznamom log i C vet	icky patria k sebe. D key	Ktoré k nim <u>nepatrí</u> ?	(2 b)
O. Tri z uvedených A finger	n slov svojím v B arm	ýznamom log i C weather	icky patria k sebe. D ear	Ktoré k nim <u>nepatrí?</u>	(2 b)
21. Ktoré z uvedeny A gloves	ý ch slov <u>nepat</u> B suit	<u>rí</u> do kategóri C scarf	e "oblečenie"? D pill		(2 b)
22. V ktorej z uved A potatoes	ených možnos B wives	tí je <u>nesprávn</u> C childrens	<u>e</u> utvorené množno D stories	é číslo?	(2 b)
23. Ktoré z uveden A busy	ý ch slov <u>je</u> prí B talking	davné meno? C continue	D number		(2 b)
A see A see B bring C drive D read	ych nepravide saw broug drived read	seen ht broug	ht	<u>v</u> ?	(2 b)
	My room is _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nit' do medzery vo C as big as yours.		(2 b)
6. Ktorú dvojicu z	ámen možno (<i>Peter loves</i>	doplnit' do me	dzier vo vete? her so much. He is	never angry with	(2 b)
P.7. Aký je správny A the twelfth B the twelvet	of March	C the	twelve of March twentieth of March	1	(2 b)
28. Ktoré z uveden Veta: A bottles of v	ý ch slov možn o <i>There is a lot o</i> vine B cak	-	•	fruit	(2 b)
29. Ktorú dvojicu s Veta:	John wants _	out,		his homework notes	(2 b)
A go / to do	אַ טו נע			~ - ۰ ۰ ۰	

A Her Spanish very good B Very good isn't her Sp C Her Spanish isn't good D Her Spanish isn't very	l isn't. vanish. I very.	(2b)
32. Ktorú dvojicu predložiek r	nožno doplniť do medzier vo vete?	(2b)
Veta: They got m	arried Saturday	last week.
A in / at B / in	C on / D at / or	1
33. Ktoré z uvedených slov mo	žno doplniť do medzery vo vete?	(2b)
	ch TV my parents	
A with / in B to / or	n C with / at D by /	in
• •	možno doplniť do medzier vo vete?	(2b)
	the cinemathe	weekend.
A to / in B into / or	C/in D to / at	
35. Ktorá z otázok má správny	<u>y</u> slovosled?	(2b)
A Have you did a nice w B Did you have a nice w	eekend? C Did you have nice eekend? D You did have nice	
36. Ktoré z uvedených slovies	možno doplniť do medzery vo vete?	(3b)
Veta: I can't slee	p at night. Idrink so muc	h coffee.
A must B shoul	dn't C should D don't ha	ave to
37. Ktorú dvojicu slovies možr	no doplnit' do medzier vo vete?	(3b)
-	at 7.30. I you o	utside at 7.00.
A started / '11 see	C starts / 'll see	
B start / 'll	D start / going to see	
A My bag is really heavy B I'll get some apples for C Are you going shoppin D I'm going to make spa	r you. ng this afternoon?	(3b)
39. Ktorú z uvedených častí te	xtu možno doplniť do medzery vo ve	te? (3b)
Veta: How many A do he work? B does he work? C does he works? D he works?	hours a week	?
40. Ktorú dvojicu slovies možr	no doplnit' do medzier vo vete?	(3b)
·	Simon, he a sho	
	C was phoned / was having D phoned / had	

Medzisúčet

41.	Ktorú dvojicu slovies možno Veta: If it	_	-		(3b)
	A is / will go B will be / go	C will be D was / g	/ will go o		
42.	Ktorá z otázok je gramatick A How much did you pay B Where you buy your jea C How much money he ha D What you going to cook	for it? ans? as?			(3b)
43.	V ktorej z viet je <u>nesprávne</u> A David and his wife didr B He don't have any days C I don't eat a lot. D My younger brother car	n't live in a fa off.			(3b)
44.	A How many books he hat B They haven't never play C I have knew him for a let D We haven't spoken to H	s written? yed golf. ong time.	eptember.		(3b)
<i>45</i> .	Ktoré z uvedených slov mož Veta: English				ople.
				spoken	
46.	Aký člen má byť v medzere	vo vete?			(3b)
	Veta: This is	best h	oliday I've e	ever been to!	
	A an B -	C a	D the		
<i>47</i> .	Aký člen má byť v medzere Veta: Where are n		ey are on	floo	(3b) or.
	A - B the	C an	D a		
<i>48</i> .	Ktorý z uvedených členov n Veta: Peter wants	_		-	(3b)
	A an B -	C the	D a		
<i>49</i> .	"Are you doing anything A I'm having supper right B I'm going to spend a nig C I watch a football match D I went to see my grandp	interesting to now. ght at my frien on TV.	his weekend		(3b)
<i>50</i> .	A She is fine, thanks. B She is my best friend. C She likes painting and r D She is friendly and talka	eading books		How is your i	mother?" (3b)